

DESCRIPTION OF A NEW SHELL FROM CALOUNDRA.

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(With Two Text Figures).

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CLANCULUS JOHNSTONI, n. sp.

(Figs. 11, 12.)

Shell small, solid, globose conic. Colour carmine, with radial buff dashes, about eight to a whorl, reaching from the suture half-way to the periphery, umbilicus and bordering funicle white; as in allied forms, there is a colour dimorphism in which olive brown replaces the carmine, a trace of which yet remains on the summit.



Fig. 11.

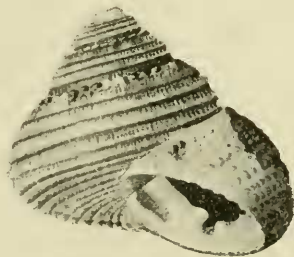


Fig. 12.

Figs. 11 and 12—*Clanculus johnstoni*, Hedley.

Whorls five. On the penultimate there are four spirals, the upper being a double bead row, and a fifth half-buried in the suture by the succeeding whorl. On the last whorl there are thirteen spirals which become taller, broader, more widely spaced and more inclined to break up into

beads as they ascend from base to suture. Aperture oblique finally ascending. Within the outer lip are about a dozen entering ridges, the lowest larger than the rest. Columella oblique, twisted, the edge reflected, with a large tooth at the base and a small one above. Umbilical margin broadly over-reaching the cavity, its edge with three or four denticles. A translucent callus unites the lips. Height, 6; major diam., 6; minor diam., 5 mm.

Habitat: Caloundra, Queensland.

This species was first sent to me by Mr. T. Iredale, with the information that it was un-named. Subsequently, Dr. T. Harvey Johnston collected it in the same locality. It is much like *C. thomasi* Crosse from New Caledonia, but is smaller, duller in colour and more delicately sculptured.
